HOW WILL SEA LEVEL RISE AFFECT OAKLAND?



FLOODING

The effects of climate change will increase the risk of flooding in Oakland. Floods are the most frequent natural disasters and can occur in minutes.

READ MORE ABOUT HOW YOU CAN PREPARE YOURSELF AND YOUR HOME AGAINST FLOOD DAMAGE AND HEALTH RISKS







This factsheet was made possible with the suport from The San Francisco Foundation

ALONG THE CALIFORNIA COAST SEA LEVEL HAS RISEN NEARLY 8 INCHES IN THE PAST CENTURY.

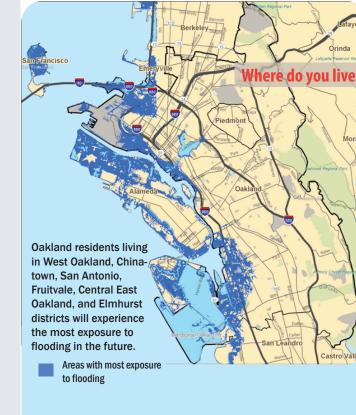
IN THESE VULNERABLE AREAS
OF OAKLAND
SEA LEVEL IS PROJECTED TO RISE
3.2 TO 4.5 FEET BY THEY YEAR 2100.

An estimated 3,100 to 5,200
Oakland residents are at risk of flooding in the future.

FLOODS CAN CAUSE:

- PROPERTY LOSS AND DAMAGE
- INCREASED TRANSMISSION OF COMMUNICABLE DISEASES
- INCREASED RISK OF INFECTION
- LOSS OF LIFE

Fold out this factsheet and learn more about how to prevent property loss and injury



WHO DO I CALL IN CASE OF AN EMERGENCY? Life Threatening call 911

Other Emergency Contacts

Alameda County Office of
Emergency Services 925.803.7800
Alameda County Poison Control 1800.523.2222
American Red Cross 510.595.4400
City of Oakland Fire Dispatch 510.444.1616

City of Oakland Police Dispatch 510.777.3211 City of Oakland

city of Oakland

Office of Emergency Services 510.238.3938 EBMUD 510.835.3000

PG&E 1800.743.5000

National Response Center

(Toxic Spills) 1800.424.8802

LOCAL RESOURCES

Citizens of Oakland Respond to Emergencies C.O.R.E.

Community-based emergency training phone: 510.238.6351 , fax: 510.238.7761 core@oaklandnet.com

Emergency Broadcast Radio Stations

KCBS, 740 AM KGO, 810 AM KNBR, 680 AM Radio Oakland 530 AM

DIAL 211 to connect to housing and human services information in Alameda County 24 hours/day.

HOW DO I PREPARE FOR A FLOOD?

WHAT DO I DO DURING A FLOOD?

WHAT DO I DO AFTER A FLOOD?

 Know your terminology
 Terms you may hear on the radio or TV
 Flood Watch vs. Flood Warning

WATCH = Flood possible WARNING = Flood is occuring

Check if your home or work is in a floodplain or an area that is in low-lying ground and may be subject to flooding.

Check here at http://quake.abag.ca.gov/floods/

- **3. Build an emergency kit**See http://www.ready.gov for ideas
- Make a plan to call family, friends & neighbors, especially those who are elderly and disabled
- 5. Make sure you have enough has in your car to evacuate
- 6. Purchase flood insurance

There are different types of insurance for owners and renters to protect their property.
(See http://www.floodsmart.qov)

- 1. Listen to the radio/T.V. and NOAA radio
- 2. Be prepared to evacuate
- 3. When a flood or flash flood warning is issued, head for higher ground and take only essential items
- 4. Turn off gas, electricity, water
- 5. Disconnect appliances
- 6. Do not walk in moving water or drive in flood water

- 1. Listen to news reports
- 2. Stay away from downed power lines
- 3. Avoid roads where flood water were once present
- 4. Return home only when authorities say it is safe
- 5. Check on family and friends
- 6. Be cautious reentering buildings
- 7. Clean, disinfect, and dry items touched by flood waters to prevent waterborne disease and mold

ADAPTATION STRATEGIES THAT YOU CAN SUPPORT

- 1. Limit development areas at risk of flooding
- 2. Use building materials that allow water to seep through the ground (for example, using sand and gravel)
- 3. Preserve & restore wetlands
- 4. Raise structures above flood level
- 5. Account for climate change impacts in planning stormwater and sewer improvements

WHAT THE CITY OF OAKLAND CAN DO

- 1. Ensure that all development projects are located in areas of low flood risk
- 2. Prioritize high flood risk areas for natural flood control design approaches
- 3. Assess potential impacts and engage affected residents in developing an adaptation plan
- 4. Provide early warnings through multiple culturally appropriate and accessible media outlets
- 5. Ensure low-and mid-income households have access to transportation and other resources to evacuate

WHAT YOU CAN DO TO PROTECT YOUR COMMUNITY

- 1. Join a local neighborhood group that is involved in disaster management and climate adaptation planning. See Local Resources.
- 2. Let others in your neighborhood know about flood risks
- 3. Establish a system of community outreach to inform and check in on elderly and those most vulnerable

